

ACMESOFT

Smart Plan

Initial Design Specification

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Scope of the Document

This report is the initial design report of ACMESOFT. In this report, firstly we mentioned the project description, what we have done so far, and objectives of our design. In the second part we explained the design constraints. In the third part we divided the pro

ject into modules, including classes and functions. We explained each module in detail. Then, in order to show the modules clearly we used class diagrams and sequence diagrams. In the data design part, in order to show the structure of the database tables we used ER diagrams. Before it we described the data objects. Also we prepared a data dictionary to list our data in the database. We divided the design into two parts, architectural and GUI design which is the web interface. We added screenshots showing our GUI design to the report.

1.2 Project Information

Many sectors are benefiting the development in technology. However, the sector of education, especially in our country, is not benefiting the technological developments at the desired level. The goal of our project is to implement a curriculum system which will help remove the troubles and tardiness resulting from too much bureaucratic procedure and from the seriousness of the whole process and which will bring significant efficiency gains. That is why we chose the name SmartPlan for our project.

In the mechanism of educational institutions, education programs are constructed based on abstract goals, application of these are based on course materials which can be seen as concrete goals, and course materials and topics together make up the curse plan. Today, in educational institutions curriculums do not change often, while the course plans change very often. The results those will occur in this case can be observed at least in one semester. One of the main gainings of our system is just becomes significant at this point and makes the educators able to foresee the system they constructed. A system that will be able to show what a changed course topic matches among a range of standards or not, and in addition to these, that will be able to make suggestions when a new course topic will be entered by benefiting the data entered to the system is that it will remove a serous loss of efficiency by removing the troubles of education system which very human based. Namely, in the case there is a change in the course plan, the change is confirmed by the convention of commissions for which averagely 15 days are passed and this leads to a serious time hazard. In





applications waiting for approval, our system ties the approving and approved levels of the hierarchy, confirmation is achieved by a single mouse click removing this serious inefficiency.

Moreover, our system does not delete any information entered; it archives all the entered information. The educators can take advantage of the archived course content, and the plans and materials of previous years. The course materials, topics and plans are given points by educators, so the users form regularity among all of them. Also, the students are subjected to a quiz at the end of the semester, and the ratings of them are archived in the system.

Briefly, the system frees the users from processes requiring bureaucratic confirmations, and physical effort, constructs a standard in education; it makes the results of the plan, material and topic modifications predictable, so it removes many handicaps of the current education system.

1.3 A Brief Summary of the Work Done So Far

After the project topic was assigned to our group we gathered in regular and irregular meetings. We searched the internet to understand and realize the project better and we investigated the similar applications. We tried to understand the mapping concept.

During and before the preparation of the requirement analysis report, we worked on how to prepare use case, class, sequence and ER diagrams. We began to learn about the technology and software we will use in the project. We clearly described the use cases of the project. The preparation phase of the requirement analysis report improved very much our knowledge.

1.4 Design Objectives

Usability

Usability is very important in all web-based software projects. Since we have many features and processes for the users, to display these in the user interface is very important for the users' ease. Usability increases the admiration of the users.

Security

First of all, our system as a web-based one, keeps the user information in the database, which is not accessible to any user other than administrators. There is a password-login system, and administrators have the right to manage the system database, shortly they have full control over the whole system.

The other security issue is the security of server. The server machine should be in a secure environment, always open, and in the control of administrators.



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2 DESIGN CONSTRAINTS

Below are the main design constraints of our project :

2.1 Time Constraints

Each phase of our project is scheduled according to strict deadlines. We have a month to finish the detailed design and also the prototype. The time factor is very determinant in our work, that is we determine the workload according to time.

2.2 Hardware Constraints

The main hardware constraint in our project is that we will need a server machine with Windows 2000/2003 Server, .NET Framework, EES, SQL Server, AJAX Control Toolkit installed in it. We will need the server machine at the second semester.

2.3 System Constraints

Our project is a web based system that means the security issues are very important for us. Because, there will be database connections, the users' information will be editable and kept in the database. To overcome the problems resulting from security system should be maintainable.

2.4 Software Constraints

We will use ASP .NET for both the architectural design and GUI design in our project. We chose it, because it provides us the functionality with its many useful libraries.

2.5 User Interface Constraints

Our web-based system has a GUI part. The user interface must be easy to use, has a high visual quality, and organized according to the users' ease.

2.6 Performance Constraints

Since our web-based system has a huge database, we will probably face the performance constraints which the similar software projects , highly depending on database operations face also. A database which hundreds of users access at the same time should be constructed professionally. We will concentrate on the problem during our implementation.



3 SYSTEM MODULES

3.1 Login Module:

This module is the one controlling the entrance of users to the system, if the user is authorized to enter the system this is the one setting the sessions belonging to that user and the other necessary sessions. Users must have a password given by the administrator in order to enter the sytem. The user name is unique and also in the case that user forgets her password the password reminding mechanism will be made active.

3.2 Registration & Role Management Module:

This is the module in which the admin or a user authorized by admin registers new users and in which the authorization of the users is arranged. This module can move the user to the different levels of the hierarchy by assigning him special authorization as well as it can organize the hierarchy in an envisioned tree structure. This module takes our system one step forward from the classical static hierarchy structure. In addition to these, roles specific to user can take place as well as the roles designed for group.

3.3 Application Initializer Module:

This module is the module serving to users the rights provided by role management module and applications related to user after they log in to the system. It decides whether to initialize an application when user wants to access it by using the getPrivilege method which controls whether the user has right to access the application she selected.

3.4 Database Module:

This is the module managing all the processes related to database. This is the module handling the opening of a connection, execution of a query taken from another query, execution of stored procedures and all other similar processes.

3.5 Course Management Module:

This is the module organizing the hierarchy between an abstract objective and a course. In this module an authorized user manages the process till the preparation of course plan and course material after she enters a discrete and abstract objective to the system. In this process whether the course plan and course materials are proper to the standards those stated in the objectives is checked, and the warning module is informed if necessary.



3.6 Warning Module:

This takes a modification in any entry from the lowest to the highest level in the system from the course management module, and gives warning about the nodes where the modification occurred and the ones related to that node.

3.7 Ranking Module:

This is the module evaluating the application success of course curriculum and course materials, providing feedbacks and statistics. In this module teachers or students give points to the course materials and the form of lecturing. By rating the nodes in the lower level of hierarchy, the average rank of the higher level nodes are automatically obtained.

3.8 Printing Module:

This module is the one preparing the outputs in pdf format which the user obtains from the applications within her authorization. For example, after a course material is entered to system this material or any desired course material may be wanted to printout. This module gives printout to user in certain templates.

3.9 Interface Module:

Since there will be more than one organization and all organizations will have a specific logo and stil design, the system needs this module. When the web application of an organization is called this module finds the related interface and then loads.

3.10 Administration Module:

This is the module setting the system first time, performing the necessary adjustments, owning all the methods able to access all kind of data on the server, and creating and arranging user files and folders.

3.11 Versioning Module:

This is the module providing the filing of the nodes of any level which are affected by the changes occurring any time in the system and that these nodes are kept accessible when desired to use. This module, by different filtering ways provides access to versioned nodes for users and it suggests similar information about the topic.

3.12 Poll Module:

This module owns all necessary methods to design a poll and also edit it. Users can take polls via this module which directly interacts with versioning module that generates archieves automatically.



Because of the usual audience of polls are students the style of polls generally will be similar to nowadays pink colored end semester evaluation forms.

4 MODELLING

This part involves relevant class and sequence diagrams. The class diagrams that we have designed via divide and conquer technique will facilitate implementation phase. Meanwhile the sequence diagrams are designed for just some basic activities of our system should handle.

4.1 Class Diagrams

Login Module

Login		
-username:stri	ng	
-password:stri	ng	
-status:boolea	ı	
+getUserName):string	
+getPwd ():strin	ig –	
+getStatus():bo	olean	
+DBase::conne	:t():boolean	
+DBase::execut	eUserNameQuery()	:boolean
+DBase::execut	eUserPwdQuery():h	oolean
+DBase::getRea	ct()::string	

• <u>Registration & Role Management Module</u>

-userID:i -privileg -role:Dat	e:DataSet			
-roleID:i	0			
+addRol	e():void ble(integer ro	leID):void		
+listRole		10107.0010		
+update	ole():void			
-	ole(integer us	erID):void		
	ser():void	and D have be		
	ser(integer us			
+listUse	lser(integer u s/):void	senu).von	1	
	Privilege(inte	er userID	biove	
	rivilege(inte	-		

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<u>Application Initializer Module</u>

+getRolePrivile	ge():void	
+getUserPrivile	ge():void	
+setControlPriv	vilege():void	
+displayError()	:boolean	

Database Module

DBase	
-connectionString:string -result:string	
+connect{):boolean +disconnect{):boolean +executeUserNameQuery{):boolean +executeUserPwdQuery():boolean +getReact{):string +executeUpdate():boolean +executeUpdate():boolean +executeDelete():boolean +selecetSingleRow():boolean +getScalarData():integer +getDataSet():DataSet	



<u>Course Management Module</u>



Warning Module

Warning	
-warnID:integer	
-status:boolean	
+getParent():void	
+getChild():void	
+invokeMessage():void	
+displayMessage():void	



Ranking Module

Ranki	ng	
-rating -ratePo	nteger binteger	
+getrat	ng{}:void Pop{}:void iteParentRating{}:void	
+setRat	ng():void Pop():void	

Printing Module

Printing
-nodeID:string
+getPrintMaterial(string nodeID):void
+createOutput():void
+createFormat():void
+executePrint():void

Interface Module

Interface	
-ID:Oragnization*	
+callMasterPage ():boolean	

<u>Administration Module</u>

Administrator		
-username:string -password:string		
+assignOrganization():void +updateOrganizaton():void +removeOrganization():void +activateAccount():void +freezeAccount():void +removeAccount():void		



Versioning Module

-archieveDate:date -nodeSubject:string -nodeAuthor:string +getAuthor{):void +getDate():void +getSubject{):void +getOldNodeID():string +createVersionNode{):string	
-nodeAuthor:string +getAuthor():void +getDate():void +getSubject():void +getOldNodeID():string	
+getAuthor():void +getDate():void +getSubject():void +getOldNodeID():string	
+getDate():void +getSubject():void +getOldNodeID():string	
+getSubject():void +getOldNodeID():string	
+getOldNodeID():string	
+createVersionNode():string	
+DBase::executeUpdate(string oldID):void	:void
+DBase::executeInsert(string nodeID):void):void
+executeSearch():string	

Poll Module

Poll		
-PollID:string		
-PollDescrpt:strin	Ig	
-PollReleaseDate	:date	
-PollBringDownD	ate:date	
-PollName:string		
-status:boolean		
-courselD:string		
+createPoll(string	g courseID):string	
+addQuestion ():\	/oid	
+deleteQuestion():void	
+updateQuestion		
+getStatus():bool	ean	
+DBase::connect():boolean	
+DBase::executeU	pdate():boolean	
+DBase::executeIr	nsert():boolean	
+Versioning::crea	teVersionNode():string	
+updateDescripti	on():void	
+updateDates():ve	bid	
+takePoll():void		
+displayResult():	void	

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4.2 Sequence Diagrams

Addition of Course and Course Plan Activity

Course Addition and Course Plan Addition and Update with Relevant Course Material





The Case of Creating and Taking Poll



Creating Poll and Taking Poll



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The Login Activity

System Login



5 DATA DESIGN

We have 13 database objects manipulated by our software.

- tblServers
- tblOrganizations
- tblRoles
- tblUsers
- tblRoleUsers
- tblPrivileges
- tblApplications
- tblAbstractGoals
- tblCourseObjectives
- tblCourses
- tblCourseTopics
- tblCourseTopicMaterials
- tblRanking

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5.1 ER DIAGRAM



5.2 TABLE SCHEMAS

5.2.1 Table: tblServers

t	blServers	
РК	id	
	name code	
	ip	
	createDate state	

5.2.1.1 Overview

We use this table to store information related to the our server configuration. Each organization will be bound by a server.



5.2.1.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
ip	CHAR(15)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
	()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.1.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique identifier
name	Server name
code	Unique code
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.2 Table: tblOrganizations

tbIO	rganizations
РК	id
FK1	serverld name code viewOrder createDate state





5.2.3 **Overview**

This table is necessary for storing the information related to organizations. Organization can be any educational instution e.g. METU, Hacettepe etc.

5.2.3.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
serverId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.3.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique identifier
serverId	Stores the related serverId
name	Server name
code	Unique code
viewOrder	The organizations will be ordered according to this number in ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.



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5.2.4 Table: tblApplications

tblApplications	
РК	id
FK1	upld organizationId name code title isDirected redirectAppId filePath viewOrder createDate state

5.2.4.1 Overview

In order to make our software flexible we make our table structure as dynamic as it can. We use this table to load and store our applications dynamically.

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
upld	VARCHAR(40)
organizationId	VARCHAR(40)
Name	VARCHAR(50)
Code	VARCHAR(50)
Title	VARCHAR(200)
isRedirected	TINYINT
redirectAppId	VARCHAR(40)
filePath	VARCHAR(500)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()

5.2.4.2 Data Type Definition



State	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.4.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
upld	Parent application id
organizationId	Organization, the application related to it
name	Organization name
code	Unique code related to the organization
title	Header of the application
isRedirected	An application can be redirected to another application if it is set to 1
redirectAppId	Redirected application Id
filePath	Our system will load application dynamically. It is the ascx file path which our application initializer will load it
viewOrder	The applications will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.5 Table: tblRoles

РК	id
FK1	organizationId name code defaultApplicationId createDate state
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5.2.5.1 Overview

Administrator of the system or a user assigned by administrator can create roles dynamically and assign priviliges to new role. We store the role information in this table.

5.2.5.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
organizationId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
defaultApplicationId	VARCHAR(40)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.5.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
organizationId	Organization Id
name	Role name
code	Unique role code
defaultApplicationId	Each role can have priviliges to many applications. When the user log in the system, the system must know the default application.
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.



5.2.6 Table: tblUsers

tblUsers	
PK <u>id</u>	
	username password name surname address phone email createDate state

5.2.6.1 Overview

This table stores information related to the user. We designed the system thinking that each user can work for different organization.

5.2.6.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
username	VARCHAR(50)
password	CHAR(8)
name	VARCHAR(50)
surname	VARCHAR(50)
address	VARCHAR(200)
phone	CHAR(10)
email	VARCHAR(100)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1



5.2.6.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
username	Username of the user to log in the system
password	8 characters password required to log in the system
name	User real name
surname	User's surname
address	Address of user
phone	Phone of user
email	Email of user
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.7 Table: tblUserRoles

tbl	UserRoles
PK <u>id</u>	
FK2 FK1	userid roleid isDefault createDate
	state

5.2.7.1 Overview

We use this table to associate each user with some roles.

5.2.7.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
userId	VARCHAR(40)
roleid	VARCHAR(40)



isDefault	TINYINT
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.7.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
userId	User Id
roleId	Role Id
isDefault	When the user enters the system, the system must know its default role.
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.8 Table: tblPriviliges



5.2.8.1 Overview

This relation assigns application priviliges to each user or role.

5.2.8.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
applicationId	VARCHAR(40)
roleUserId	VARCHAR(40)



isPrivileged	TINYINT
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.8.3 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
applicationId	Application Id
roleUserId	Role or user Id
isPriviliged	If this value is one, the user has the privilige to access the application
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.9 Table: tblAbstractGoals

PK	id	
FK1 FK2	organizationId userId	
	name code	
	exp prerequisites	
	createDate state	

5.2.10 **Overview**

This object contains the assigned users' or organization's abstract goal and related information.

Data Type Definition 5.2.10.1

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
organizationId	VARCHAR(40)



userId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
ехр	VARCHAR(1000)
prerequisites	VARCHAR(1000)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.10.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
organizationId	Organization Id
userld	The id of user which inputs the data
name	Goal name
code	Goal code
exp	Explanation
prerequisites	It stores the prerequisite goals before this goals
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores
	the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.11 Table: tblCourseObjectives

tblCourseObjectives		
РК	id	
FK1 FK2	goalld userld name exp code viewOrder createDate state	

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5.2.12 **Overview**

This object has a relationship with tblAbstractGoals.

5.2.12.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
goalld	VARCHAR(40)
userId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
exp	VARCHAR(1000)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.12.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
goalld	Organization Id
userld	The id of user which inputs the data
name	Goal name
code	Goal code
ехр	Explanation
viewOrder	Course objectives will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.



5.2.13 Table: tblCourseObjectives

PK	id	
	10	
FK1	goalld	
FK2	userld	
	name	
	exp	
	code	
	viewOrder	
	createDate	
	state	

5.2.14 **Overview**

This object has a relationship with tblAbstractGoals.

5.2.14.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
goalld	VARCHAR(40)
userld	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
ехр	VARCHAR(1000)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.14.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
goalld	Organization Id



userid	The id of user which inputs the data
name	Objective name
code	Objective code
ехр	Explanation
viewOrder	Course objectives will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.15 Table: tblCourses

tblCourses	
PK	id
FK1	goalld
FK2	userld
	name
	code
	duration
	durationType
	exp
	credit
	createDate
	state

5.2.16 **Overview**

This object has a relationship with tblAbstractGoals.

5.2.16.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
goalld	VARCHAR(40)
userld	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)



exp	VARCHAR(1000)
duration	VARCHAR(3)
durationType	VARCHAR(40)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.16.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
goalld	Organization Id
userId	The id of user which inputs the data
name	Course name
code	Course code
ехр	Explanation
duration	The course duration
durationType	Month, Week, Day, Hour
viewOrder	Course will be ordered according to this number
	in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores
	the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.



5.2.17 Table: tblCourseTopics

tblCourseTopics	
РК	id
FK1 FK2 FK3	courseld objectiveld userld duration name exp viewOrder durationType createDate
	state

5.2.18 **Overview**

Each Course consists of some topics. We use this table to store the topics related to course topics.

5.2.18.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
courseld	VARCHAR(40)
userId	VARCHAR(40)
objectiveld	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
ехр	VARCHAR(1000)
duration	VARCHAR(3)
durationType	VARCHAR(40)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1



5.2.18.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
courseld	Course Id
userId	The id of user which inputs the data
objectiveId	Objective Id
name	Topic name
code	Topic code
ехр	Explanation
duration	The topic duration
durationType	Month, Week, Day, Hour
viewOrder	Topics will be ordered according to this number
	in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores
	the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.19 Table: tblCourseTopicMaterials

PK	id
FK1	topicId
FK2	userId
	name
	code
	viewOrder
	file
	exp
	createDate
	state



5.2.20 Overview

This table stores the course materials related to topic.

5.2.20.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
topicId	VARCHAR(40)
userId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
file	VARCHAR(500)
exp	VARCHAR(1000)
viewOrder	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.20.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
topicId	Topic Id
userId	The id of user which inputs the data
name	Material name
code	Material code
file	File Path
ехр	Explanation
viewOrder	Materials will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores

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	the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.21 Table: tblRanking

tł	olRanking
РК	id
FK1	userld itemld isTopic point createDate state

5.2.22 **Overview**

This table stores the information related to the topic ranking. Assigned users can rank a course topic. Total ranking will show us the course achievement.

5.2.22.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
userId	VARCHAR(40)
itemId	VARCHAR(40)
isTopic	TINYINT
point	INTEGER
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.22.2 Description

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
userId	User Id
itemId	Item Id
isTopic	İsTopic or Material

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point	The point given to each item
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	It stores the current status of the related row.

5.2.23 Table: tblCoursePoll

tblCoursePoll	
PK <u>id</u>	
FK1	courseld name code startDate endDate createDate state

5.2.24 **Overview**

We use this table to prepare questionnaires to the sturdents or privileged users.

5.2.24.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
courseld	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
startDate	DATETIME
endDate	DATETIME
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.24.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier



courseld	Course Id
name	Poll name
code	Poll code
startDate	Poll's showing duration's start date
endDate	Poll's showing duration's end date
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores
	the date and time.
state	Created when the row is created and it stores
	the date and time.

5.2.25 Table: tblCoursePoll

tblCoursePoll	
PK <u>id</u>	
FK1	courseld name code startDate endDate createDate state

5.2.26 **Overview**

We use this table to prepare questionnaire to the students or privileged users.

5.2.26.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
courseld	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
startDate	DATETIME
endDate	DATETIME
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()



state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.26.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
courseld	Course Id
name	Poll name
code	Poll code
startDate	Poll's showing duration's start date
endDate	Poll's showing duration's end date
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.

5.2.27 Table: tblCourseQuestions

tblCoursePollQuestions		
РК	id	
FK1	coursePollId name code viewOrder exp createDate state	

5.2.28 **Overview**

This table stores the questions for each poll.

5.2.28.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
coursePollId	VARCHAR(40)



name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
viewOrder	INTEGER
exp	VARCHAR(1000)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.28.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
coursePollId	Related Poll Id
name	Question name
code	Question
viewOrder	Questions will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
ехр	Explanation
endDate	Poll's showing duration's end date
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.

5.2.29 Table: tblCourseQuestionChoices

uestionId ame ode
ewOrder «p reateDate ate

5.2.30 **Overview**

This table stores the choices for each question.

5.2.30.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
questionId	VARCHAR(40)
name	VARCHAR(50)
code	VARCHAR(50)
viewOrder	INTEGER
exp	VARCHAR(1000)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.30.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
coursePollId	Related Poll Id
name	Question name
code	Question
viewOrder	Choices will be ordered according to this number in the ascending order
ехр	Explanation
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.





5.2.31 Table: tblPollUserChoices

tbIPo	IIUserChoices
РК	id
FK1 FK2	choiceld userld createDate state

5.2.32 **Overview**

This table stores the user choices related to polls

5.2.32.1 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Data Type
id	GUID
choiceld	VARCHAR(40)
userld	VARCHAR(40)
	, , ,
code	VARCHAR(50)
createDate	DATETIME: DEFAULT GETDATE()
state	TINYINT: DEFAULT 1

5.2.32.2 Data Type Definition

Field Name	Description
id	Unique Identifier
choiceld	Choice Id
userId	User Id
createDate	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.
state	Created when the row is created and it stores the date and time.



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6 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

In this section the modules which were described and clarified previously, takes place with structure charts. The final status for each module is given in the following figures.





Structure Chart of Registration & Role Management Branching





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Structure Chart of Application Initializing Process Branching







Structure Chart of Course Management Process Branching



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Structure Chart of Warning Process Branching



Structure Chart of Ranking Process Branching





Structure Chart of Print Process Branching





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Structure Chart of Administration Branching



Structure Chart of Versioning Process Branching







Structure Chart of Poll Activity Branching





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7 GUI DESIGN

We have three different kinds of user interfaces which are primarily used throughout in the software. Because our framework will load each form and grid dynamically, we show the general structure of our user interfaces and insert, delete, update screenshot.

7.1 General view





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7.2 Adding new item

Smart Plan	ACME	METU	MEB			
ACME-Soft						
Servers Organizations Applications Users Roles Abstract Goals Courses Topics Metarials	Organizatio			Add	List	
					Save	



7.3 Updating an item

A Smart Plan	ACME	METU	MEB		
ACME-Soft					
Servers Organizations Applications	Organizatio	ons		Update	List
Users	Name:	Middle East Tech	nical University		
Roles Abstract Goals Courses Topics Metarials	Code: Servers: Explanation:	ACME	scing elit. tellus, faucibus semper vel, orci. din eros eget est. Vestibulum ante		
					Update



7.4 Listing items

A Smart Plan	ACME	METU	MEB			
ACME-Soft						
				List	New	
Servers	Organizatio	ons				
Organizations						
Applications	ACME					N
Users	METU					
Roles	🗖 МЕВ					N
Abstract Goals	Delete					
Courses						
Topics						
Metarials						

8 DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE

Development schedule is at the end of the report.

SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS 9

9.1 Software Requirements

We have to use software development tools and programming languages in sophisticated level during the implementation process of our project. Predetermining which software tools to use for the project development is necessary, since it affects our design choices and to choose the most suitable software development tools is important in the success of the project.

.Net Framework 2.0 •

The .Net Framework is an integral Windows component and it supports building and running the the next generation of applications and Web Services. Because .Net Frameworks provides lots of components and class libraries, it easy to develop windows/web applications. It also provides a managed execution environment, simplified development and deployment.



• Microsoft Sql Server 2005

MS SQL Server is a multithreaded, multiuser SQL database management system (DBMS). It is very powerful database management system and it is used lots of companies.

9.2 Hardware Requirements

Minimal hardware requirements for our project are:

For Development :

A PC with the following configuration will be needed:

- Intel Pentium IV or AMD Athlon 1.7 GHz CPU
- 2GB MB DDR2 RAM 80 GB Hard Disk Space
- Internet Connection

End User :

A PC with the following minimum configuration will be needed:

- Intel Pentium4 or AMD Athlon 1 GHz CPU
- 256 MB DDR2 RAM
- Internet Connection

10 TESTING STRATEGIES

We are planning to test our project in different aspects and dimensions after the implementation phase. The aim of this part is to detect errors and bugs of the application. We hope that our software will work properly after a fine testing. We will use some techniques in order to complete the final release.These techniques are as follows:

10.1 Unit Testing

The aim of this kind of testing is to verify whether the smallest testable pieces of the application are working properly or not. In this phase of testing we test each unit separately before integrating it to the complete application. Since finding the possible error in the integrated project is crucial, this stage is relatively important. Also this stage ensures that integration test may only have integration errors and hopefully has no unit dependent errors appear.



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10.2 Integration Testing

This testing stage is a little extended form of unit testing. We will have done unit testing while integration phase therefore we will only deal with the integration and combining errors instead of unit errors. The aim is to combine small units in an error-free manner. This stage results in properly integrated units and ready-to-use modules. We will test combined units, classes and diagrams i.e. related tables.

10.3 Pilot Testing

Considering this kind of testing we will release our application to the real world and wait for feedback from users. Since our project has various types of users, roles, rights and a lot of users it requires real-world testing. For this purpose we are going to deliver our alpha release project to Bora Güngören, and expect feedback from him.

10.4 Security Testing

The system has different types of users and roles which results in many user dependent errors. Moreover the number of users may cause overload and duplicate hazards. In this testing stage we will be dealing with some security issues such as ensuring users are as single-sign-on.

10.5 Validation Testing

This kind is the last of testing strategies those we are going to use. The aim is to produce the well working final release. Obviously, after this test the project is ready to distribute and demonstration. Although, the final release may still have some rare errors, we are confident to handle these errors by releasing service packages.



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						First S	emester														
ID	~	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	'08 Se	p 21, '0	Oct 5, '08	Oct 19, '08	3 Nov 2, '0	08 Nov	16, '0	Nov 30, '	0 Dec	14, '0	Dec 2	28, '0	Jan 11	, '09 .	Jan 25	5, '09 F
	0					MFT	SW	STMF	- T S W	STM	1 <u>F</u> T	SW	STM	FT	SW	ST	MF	TS	S W S	ST	MF
1	\checkmark	Team Organizatoin		Mon 9/22/08	Mon 9/22/08	- B															
2	\checkmark	Project Topic Search	8 days		Thu 10/2/08	é															
3	\checkmark	Proposal report writing	,	Mon 10/6/08	Fri 10/10/08		1		-												
4	\checkmark	Milestone 1: Proposal report		Fri 10/10/08	Fri 10/10/08			▲10/1	0												
5	\checkmark	Requirements Analysis Report	-	Mon 10/13/08	Thu 11/20/08			Ų.	;			ካ									
7	\checkmark	Scope Outlining		Mon 10/13/08	Tue 10/14/08				ağlar												
8	\checkmark	Customer Survey		Wed 10/15/08	Thu 10/16/08				Candan												
9	\checkmark	Project Plan and Scheduling		Fri 10/17/08	Fri 10/17/08			•	Candan												
10	\checkmark	Technical Research	,	Mon 10/20/08	Thu 10/23/08				Sami												
11	\checkmark	Market Survey		Fri 10/24/08	Fri 10/24/08				Canc	dan											
12	\checkmark	Discovering Requirements		Mon 10/27/08	Fri 10/31/08					Kaan &											
13	\checkmark	Data Modelling	4 days	Mon 11/3/08	Thu 11/6/08					San											
14	\checkmark	Functional Modelling	3 days	Fri 11/7/08	Tue 11/11/08						Kaan										
15	\checkmark	Use-case Modelling	2 days	Wed 11/12/08	Thu 11/13/08						🎽 Kaan	& San	ni								
16	\checkmark	Data Dictionary	1 day	Tue 11/11/08	Tue 11/11/08						Kaan &	، Sami									
17	\checkmark	Finalizing Reurements Analaysis Report	,	Wed 11/12/08	Thu 11/13/08						<u> </u>										
18	\checkmark	Milestone 2: Requirements Analysis Report	0 days	Fri 11/14/08	Fri 11/14/08						▲ 11/14	4									
19		Design	46 days	Fri 11/21/08	Fri 1/23/09									_							
21	\checkmark	Review of Requirements Analaysis Report	2 days	Mon 11/17/08	Tue 11/18/08																
22	\checkmark	Detailed Technical Research	4 days	Wed 11/19/08	Mon 11/24/08							Ka	an								
23	\checkmark	Class Hierarchy Design	2 days	Tue 11/25/08	Wed 11/26/08								andan &								
24	\checkmark	Architectural Design	3 days	Tue 11/25/08	Thu 11/27/08								Kaan & S								
25	\checkmark	Database Design	3 days	Fri 11/28/08	Tue 12/2/08								Çağla		an						
26		GUI Design	1 day	Wed 12/3/08	Wed 12/3/08								Çağl	ar							
27	\checkmark	Preparing Initial Design Report Conspectus	1 day	Thu 12/4/08	Thu 12/4/08								Ĩ								
28		Detailed Class Hierachy Design		Mon 12/8/08	Thu 12/11/08									Kaan							
29		Initial Database Imlementetion			Wed 12/17/08										Çağlar		an				
30	\checkmark	Milestone 3: Initial Design Report	,		Wed 12/17/08										12/17	-i					
31		Initial Architectural Design		Thu 12/18/08	Tue 12/23/08											ami &					
32		Initial GUI Design		Wed 12/24/08	Sat 12/27/08										- č	Kaar		mi			
33		Project Presentation		Mon 12/29/08	Mon 12/29/08											🧯 Ca	ndan				
34		Testing With Sample Data	4 days		Tue 1/6/09																
35		Debugging	5 days		Tue 1/13/09								-								
36		Finalizing Detailed Design Report	2 days	Wed 1/14/09	Thu 1/15/09																
37		Milestone 4: Detailed Design Report	0 days		Fri 1/16/09													🔶 1	/16	-	
38		Prototype	-	Mon 1/26/09	Mon 2/2/09															j	₹
40		Prototype Implementation	,	Mon 1/19/09	Mon 1/26/09													(Ь	
41		Milestone 5: Prototype Demo	0 days	Mon 1/26/09	Mon 1/26/09				- - - -											1/2	6



